UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

----X

DANIEL B. YAHRAES,

et al., : 10-CV-935 (SLT)(SMG)

Plaintiff. :

: December 10, 2010

:

V. : Brooklyn, New York

:

RESTAURANT ASSOCIATES : EVENTS CORP., et al., :

Defendant. :

TRANSCRIPT OF CIVIL CAUSE FOR CONFERENCE
BEFORE THE HONORABLE STEVEN M. GOLD
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

For the Plaintiff: JUDY SPANIER, ESQ.

For the Defendant: ANDREW MARKS, ESQ.

SARA SHEINKIN, ESQ.

JEROME COLEMAN, ESQ.

JOE CARTAFALSA, ESQ.

Audio Operator:

Court Transcriber: ARIA TRANSCRIPTIONS

c/o Elizabeth Barron

375 Salt Point Turnpike, #5D

Poughkeepsie, NY 12603

(215) 767-7700

Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording, transcript produced by transcription service

```
THE COURT: This is Judge Gold. Good afternoon.
1
              MS. SPANIER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. This is
 2
 3
    Judy Spanier from Abbey Spanier, for plaintiffs.
              THE COURT: Ms. Spanier for the plaintiffs.
 4
              Who is on for Restaurant Associates?
 5
              MR. MARKS: Andrew Marks and Sara Sheinkin from
 6
 7
    the firm of Littler Mendelson.
              THE COURT: And who else is on?
 8
              MR. COLEMAN: For Amerivents, Jerome Coleman and
 9
    Joe Cartafalsa from Putney Twombly Hall & Hirson.
10
11
              THE COURT: And your client again is?
12
              MR. COLEMAN: Amiervents.
13
              THE COURT: Thank you.
14
              Is that everyone?
15
              MR. COLEMAN:
                            Yes.
16
              THE COURT: Thank you.
17
              MS. SPANIER: Yes, Your Honor.
18
              THE COURT: So I have an exchange of recent
19
    correspondence, and I quess the plaintiff wants to move
    forward and get that conditional certification, and the
20
21
    defendants want to move to dismiss.
22
              Let me ask you this: First of all, if the stay
2.3
    continues while the motion to dismiss is litigated, are the
24
    defendants prepared to continue to have the limitations
25
    tolling provision remain in effect as well?
```

```
MR. COLEMAN: On behalf of Amerivents, yes, Your
1
    Honor.
 2
              MR. MARKS: Nothing would happen until August
 3
    anyway because this is a two-week assignment, Your Honor --
 4
 5
    well, three weeks maybe, at the U.S. open. So no one is
    working there now and no one will be working until August of
 6
 7
    2011.
              THE COURT: I see.
 8
              MR. MARKS: It will be over in September of 2011.
 9
10
              MS. SPANIER: Your Honor, on behalf of plaintiffs,
11
    I'd like to arque against any stay, but we would of course
12
    -- if the Court were inclined to stay the matter, we would
13
    want the tolling of the -- plaintiffs need to opt into the
14
    case. We would want that period tolled.
15
                         Well, they both just agreed to that on
              THE COURT:
16
    the record, and I would certainly so order it. What's the
17
    argument against the stay, given the fact that there is this
    New York State Department of Labor adjudication and other
18
19
    grounds asserted in these letters for moving to dismiss?
20
              And in particular, here's the issue that troubled
21
    me about this, Ms. Spanier. Am I pronouncing your name
22
    correctly? I hope so.
              MS. SPANIER: Yes.
2.3
                                 Yes.
              THE COURT: Let's assume that we issue a
24
25
    collective action notice and it -- is there also a Rule 23
```

application? 1 MS. SPANIER: No, there is not, Your Honor. 2 THE COURT: Okay. Oh, because we don't go back 3 4 more than three years, I guess. 5 MS. SPANIER: Well, no. There is not a Rule 23 application because we need to do discovery in order --6 7 THE COURT: Okay. MS. SPANIER: -- to make motions for class 8 certification. 9 10 THE COURT: All right. Let's say we send out some 11 kind of a notice. Then let's say -- and we describe the 12 claims. And then let's say there's an order on these 13 motions that changes in some way the contours of those 14 claims. Have we provided the best practicable notice or 15 will there be a -- or will we be in a better position to 16 describe the case and alert the parties to what the benefits 17 of opting in are after the motion practice is resolved? 18 That's what I've been struggling with. 19 MS. SPANIER: Your Honor, in the first -- in the 20 first instance, the district judge has before her two 21 letters, the defendants requesting permission to move to 22 dismiss and our letter opposing. And I won't go into those, 2.3 other than to say that we think that at this stage, it's not 24 entirely clear that the trial court, the district court is 25 going to allow the defendants to make the motion.

not heard back from the Court. 1 2 THE COURT: Okay. MS. SPANIER: Secondly, I think that we're not 3 talking about -- in the first instance, we're not talking 4 5 about an enormous group of people, we're talking about a couple hundred people. We have people who -- 25 people or 6 7 maybe more who have already opted into the case. We do get calls from people from time to time who are still interested 8 9 in finding out what the case is about. 10 To the extent that we're talking about the federal 11 claims, we did brief before Judge Townes on our motion for 12 reconsideration the reasons why we think that the New York 13 State Department of Labor proceeding has no effect at all on 14 the federal claims. I understand defendants disagree with 15 that. But the issues have been fully aired in briefing before the Court but not resolved, not really addressed. 16 17 We think that the notice at this stage -- at this 18

We think that the notice at this stage -- at this stage, all the notice really is addressed to is advising people of -- and I think you have a draft notice before you as part of the papers that were filed. We tracked the notice that the -- I think from one of your cases, Your Honor, Irriarty (ph) v. -- I forget the defendant's name but it's the Irriarty case.

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

I don't think that sending a notice out at this point will be in any way problematic. I think it will be

2.3

the best practicable notice. I think Section 216
contemplates that a notice like this is going to go out at
the front end of the case. The defendants were the ones who
requested the stay. This action is getting younger, it's
getting older. This case was started, Your Honor, at the
beginning of March of this year, and we're noplace on this
case.

I think that if need be, some correction could go
out, but I don't frankly envision a correction because I

out, but I don't frankly envision a correction because I think the case law is clear that the federal claims are not affected by anything that the Department of Labor has done. The Department of Labor sent out checks. There were no releases that went with the checks. There were no explanations with regard to the calculations of the amounts sent.

People who we've spoken with, including our clients, certainly disagree with the amounts that they've received. It didn't address interest, it didn't address the double damages that these people are entitled to under the FLSA. All that holding this off will do -- I don't know how long the briefing process will be if the district court allows it and how long it will take for these people to get a decision -- for the district court to issue a decision on a motion to dismiss. But I think -- I think people move, people scatter. The addresses are going to get stale. I

```
think the members, the collective action members will
1
    potentially be prejudiced by a delay, a further delay in
 2
 3
    this matter.
              THE COURT: Are the defendants willing to offer
 4
 5
    liquidated damages with respect to what the Department of
    Labor has adjudicated?
 6
 7
              MR. COLEMAN:
                           Your Honor, for Amerivents, we're
          Quite frankly, the Department of Labor had the
 8
 9
    opportunity to ward liquidated damages and chose not to.
    there's a standard for liquidated damages we would argue
10
11
    that the plaintiffs have not met and that the Department of
12
    Labor, the agency in the first instance --
13
              THE COURT: The FLSA has a standard for liquidated
14
    damages?
              What is it?
15
              MR. COLEMAN: Correct. You do not get them
16
    automatically, Your Honor.
17
              THE COURT: Under the FLSA?
18
              MR. COLEMAN:
                            Correct.
19
              THE COURT: What's the standard?
20
                            It's the bad faith standard.
              MR. COLEMAN:
21
              THE COURT:
                         Okay. I was not -- I'm not familiar
22
    with that. I'll have to study it more closely.
23
                           Sure. I can give you a citation.
              MR. COLEMAN:
24
    don't have it offhand.
                            But you do not -- it's not a statute
25
    where liquidated damages are awarded without meeting that
```

```
standard. And the state followed the FLSA in that regard.
1
    It quite frankly adopts the FLSA procedures in that regard,
 2
 3
    and the Department of Labor chose not to award liquidated
 4
             You know, that would be our argument in our
 5
    defense.
              THE COURT: All right.
 6
 7
              Are the plaintiffs prepared to carry the expense
    of the notice --
 8
 9
              MS. SPANIER: Yes, Your Honor.
10
              THE COURT: -- pending the outcome of the motion
11
    practice?
12
              MS. SPANIER: Your Honor, we would be prepared to
13
    carry the expense. I don't think it's a significant expense
14
    at all to send out notice at this stage.
15
              THE COURT: All right.
16
              MR. MARKS: Can I be heard, Your Honor --
17
              THE COURT: Sure.
18
              MR. MARKS: -- for Restaurant Associates?
19
              THE COURT: Sure.
              MR. MARKS: The fact of the matter is that the
20
21
    notice, in our opinion, will be confusing. The payment --
22
    the employees are employed by Amerivents and the payment
23
    from the Department of Labor was on behalf of Amerivents.
24
    And the notice that plaintiffs wished to send out would
25
    indicate that the employer is not just
```

```
Amerivents but other individuals, other companies,
1
    Restaurant Associates not being one of them.
 2
              THE COURT: I'm not deciding on the notice right
 3
    now, I'll deciding that I'll take on the motion.
 4
 5
              MR. MARKS: Oh, okay.
                         All right? I have not reviewed the
 6
              THE COURT:
 7
    motion papers, I just reviewed the recent -- this was to
 8
    figure out whether we're going to move forward or not.
              MR. MARKS:
                          But I don't know -- I don't think that
 9
10
    the motion papers on the notice deal with this because the
11
    situation has changed.
12
              THE COURT: Okay. I will allow you to re-brief
13
    it.
14
              MR. MARKS:
                         Okay.
15
                         But I'm not going to stay the case
              THE COURT:
16
    indefinitely. I agree with the plaintiff that we're going
17
    to lose track of these people. They're willing to pay the
    costs of the notice. If there has to be a corrective
18
19
    notice, I presume they will pay the costs of that. And I
20
    just don't see the prejudice to the defendant of at least
21
    gathering the people and doing the document discovery that
22
    will inevitably have to be done, if the case survives in any
23
    form anyway. So we'll go forward.
24
              Now, the plaintiff originally moved for 216(b)
25
    certification sometime ago; is that correct?
```

```
MS. SPANIER: In May of 2010, Your Honor.
1
                          Are those papers the papers you want
 2
               THE COURT:
 3
    to rest on, or do you want to freshen them in any way?
               MS. SPANIER: Your Honor, I think that so long as
 4
 5
    we have an opportunity to do a reply --
               THE COURT: Yes.
 6
 7
               MS. SPANIER: -- we still stand on the opening
              What I would do, if defendants are amenable to
 8
    papers.
 9
    this, is simply send them perhaps a new notice of motion and
    a form of notice, because perhaps that has changed a tiny
10
11
    bit in light of subsequent developments.
12
               THE COURT:
                          Okay.
13
               MS. SPANIER: And I can incorporate the language
14
    they proposed the last time we did this exercise. And I can
15
    have that to them by the middle of next week.
               THE COURT: All right, we'll say December 17<sup>th</sup>.
16
17
               Now, in fairness to the defendants, we are right
    on the heels of the holiday at that point. How long would
18
19
    you like to have to put in opposition?
20
                          I think we could probably do it -- I'm
               MR. MARKS:
    looking at my associate -- January 14<sup>th</sup>.
21
22
               THE COURT:
                          All right.
2.3
               MR. COLEMAN: We can as well, Judge.
               THE COURT:
                           Good.
24
               And do you want to reply by January 24<sup>th</sup>?
25
```

```
tight?
1
              MS. SPANIER: Your Honor, if I could -- if I could
 2
    have until the 28<sup>th</sup>, that would really be helpful.
 3
               THE COURT: You got it.
 4
              You know, these are pretty routine, ordinarily, so
 5
    rather than assume I'm going to have to write on it, why
6
 7
    don't we put on a conference date to argue it, and maybe we
    can deal with it in an oral ruling and hammer out any
 8
 9
    concerns about the notice at that time. I'm just trying to
10
    get my calendar open.
              MR. MARKS: I'm sorry, Your Honor, the phone cut
11
12
    out a little bit. We didn't hear that.
13
               THE COURT: Yeah, I turned away from it, I'm
14
    sorry, because I'm trying to open my calendar to give you a
15
    date to come in. Would you like to come in on the motion at
    4:00 on Wednesday, February 9<sup>th</sup>?
16
17
              MS. SPANIER: That sounds so far out in the future
    that it sounds eminently doable.
18
19
               THE COURT: Well, it only gives me a week and a
20
    half with the papers, so I don't think it's too far from
    when it's fully submitted. I don't think that's what you
21
22
    meant by it, either.
23
              MS. SPANIER: 4:00 p.m. that day?
               THE COURT: On the 9<sup>th</sup>? Yeah.
24
               Is there anybody that finds that difficult?
25
```

```
MR. MARKS: No, Your Honor.
1
              MR. COLEMAN: No, Your Honor, that's fine.
 2
              THE COURT: All right. And come to me with a
 3
    discovery plan by that date as well, and we'll put a
 4
 5
    discovery schedule in place, all right?
              MR. MARKS: Your Honor --
 6
 7
              MS. SPANIER: Your Honor, as part of the discovery
    plan, in connection with your original order setting a
 8
 9
    discovery conference, plaintiffs served their initial
10
    disclosures. Do you anticipate defendants will be serving
11
    their initial disclosures when we come to you on -- or that
12
    they will have served them by the time we come to you on
13
    February 9<sup>th</sup>?
14
              THE COURT: Is there any reason why you shouldn't
15
    that you haven't already raised?
16
              MR. MARKS: Yes, Your Honor. We haven't answered
17
    the complaint. We've moved to dismiss numerous claims.
18
    have no idea what the ultimate claims are going to be, and I
19
    really think that discovery beyond any type of discovery on
20
    the 216(b) claims, which are against Amerivents, is
21
    premature at this time.
22
              THE COURT: There's no FLSA claim against your
    client?
2.3
24
                          We claim that we're not a joindered
              MR. MARKS:
    party, so the answer would be no, but Amerivents is going to
25
```

```
pay that regardless. They were certainly not our employees;
1
    we have no records on their employment.
 2
              MS. SPANIER:
                           Your Honor, we beg to differ on the
 3
    plaintiffs' side. And, Your Honor, frankly, the same
 4
 5
    argument that I made with regard to why the FLSA group of
    plaintiffs are going to be harmed by the passage of time
 6
 7
    affects the Rule 23 class because the Rule 23 class goes
 8
    back in this case to 2004. And, again, people move, they go
 9
    away.
                                 Well, let's do this: Let's
10
              THE COURT:
                          Yeah.
11
    gather identification -- and I'm directing this to the
12
    defendants. Let's gather the identification information
13
    about who worked, figure out what kind of time keeping
14
    systems there were, and figure out who the management people
15
    were who oversaw these folks.
16
              MR. MARKS: I don't believe we have the right
17
    employers in this case for that -- to find that information.
18
              THE COURT: Well, then that's what you can say --
19
    if you didn't have any employment relationship and you don't
20
    have any records concerning the hours that these people
21
    worked and nobody who worked for you knows where they
22
    reported or what they did, then that's what you can say in
23
    your response.
24
                            Your Honor --
              MR. COLEMAN:
25
              THE COURT: But -- let me finish, please.
```

1 MR. COLEMAN: I'm sorry. So we'll gather the information about 2 THE COURT: 3 who worked during the statutory period, we'll find out what information we have about their last-known addresses. 4 5 rather than pull the specific time records or start digging out old files or restoring backup tapes, you'll just put a 6 7 litigation hold on all of that, as I'm confident you must have already done, and be in a position to describe what 8 9 material exists, and then we'll figure out what we do about 10 that. 11 Go ahead, sir. 12 MR. COLEMAN: Jerome Coleman. I was just going to 13 reiterate what Mr. Marks indicated. There's no answer in 14 the case and -- in this case thus far, and we do have the 15 motion to dismiss. 16 THE COURT: Right. 17 MR. COLEMAN: I don't see why there's any 18 breakneck movement to move forward with discovery, which may 19 be totally counterproductive, time consuming and costly. 20 THE COURT: Yeah. Well, if I grant the motion, 21 who are we going to send the notice to? 22 MR. CARTAFALSA: If you grant the motion -- you're 2.3 talking about the 216(b) employment. 24 THE COURT: Right. MR. CARTAFALSA: That's very different than the 25

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

2.3

24

25

four years or three years that precede that, which Amerivents was not involved with and are other employers who are not currently in this litigation. MR. COLEMAN: Your Honor, I think that -- I'm pretty confident that plaintiffs have been in touch with the majority, if not with the vast majority of the employees who worked as suite attendants for the two-week period over the last three years, and --MR. CARTAFALSA: They're all listed -- they're all listed in the Department of Labor findings. MS. SPANIER: You know, I would just -- you're wrong; we have not been in touch with the vast majority of anyone. THE COURT: I'm not looking to make unnecessary double work. If your clients are in a position to confirm that all of the individuals and their last-known addresses are reflected in the Department of Labor audits and you turn those audits over to the plaintiffs' counsel, then you'll be satisfying them. I also want them to know, generically and descriptively, what kind of time keeping records are available for the different time periods. And that's all going to have to come out in class certification discovery anyway, so we may as well get working on it.

MR. CARTAFALSA: If there is such a class

```
certification.
1
                         If there is, if there is. Can you
 2
              THE COURT:
 3
    point me to where in the Federal Rules a Rule 12 motion
    automatically stays discovery?
 4
 5
              MR. CARTAFALSA: No, we can't, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Okay, then let's --
 6
 7
              MR. CARTAFALSA: We're not suggesting that.
    We're just --
 8
 9
                          Then let's go ahead with this.
              THE COURT:
              MR. CARTAFALSA: We're just suggesting what's
10
11
    practical and what's appropriate under the circumstances of
12
    whether, based on mere allegations, a defendant should be
13
    scurrying back six years through records it doesn't have, to
14
    determine -- because maybe there might be a case, whether
15
    that's a prudent exercise of expenditure of funds.
                         Well, if I --
16
              THE COURT:
17
              MR. CARTAFALSA: And I don't understand the
18
    prejudice of what's going to happen, just because people may
19
           If those documents exist now -- and you're correct,
20
    of course, Your Honor, we did send litigation hold letters.
21
    If those documents exist now and those people exist now,
22
    because one or two might move in the next year doesn't seem
2.3
    to me to be the type of prejudice that should require this
24
    expenditure.
              THE COURT: I understand your argument.
25
```

1 don't agree with it. MR. CARTAFALSA: Okay. 2 THE COURT: If I accepted it, it would be 3 tantamount to saying, in every case, Rule 12 motions 4 5 automatically stay discovery. I don't see anything about this case that distinguishes it from any other run-of-the-6 7 mill case. So we'll proceed as I've suggested and I'll see you on February 9th, and we'll figure out where we go from 8 9 there. Have a good afternoon. 10 MS. SPANIER: Thank you, Your Honor. 11 MR. CARTAFALSA: Your Honor --12 THE COURT: Yes. 13 MR. CARTAFALSA: I'm sorry, just for 14 clarification, on the discovery issue, the certification is 15 looking for the 2007, 8 and 9 U.S. Open, okay? When you're 16 asking -- and I understand what you're asking us to produce 17 in terms of discovery or to have available. Are you asking us to do that for the 2007, 8 and 9 or for the period of 18 19 time where other allegations are made in the case that's not 20 subject to the certification at this point, going back to I 21 guess --22 I'm asking you to gather the THE COURT: information about where the records are and what they're 23 24 going to show -- excuse me, where the records are and what 25 they generically contain and consist of and how they can be

retrieved for the earlier period as well, because I don't want to have people restoring backup tapes or going to warehouses through disorganized paper files, if there's a viable Rule 12 motion. That would be the kind of showing of prejudice that I would contemplate.

But if all of these files from the Rule 23 New York Minimum Wage Act period are in a file cabinet in your client's office, organized alphabetically or chronologically or in an easy way to find, then I don't understand what the big deal is with giving plaintiffs access to them now and litigating the class action aspect of the case promptly.

MR. CARTAFALSA: Well, Your Honor, respectfully, here is what the complication is: Amerivents was on the scene in 2008 -- I'm sorry, 2007, 8 and 9, okay? There is another employer who was on the scene in 2005 and 2006 or two other employers that were effectively similar, for the purposes of this discussion, to Amerivents.

There's then separately the Levy Restaurants that in the complaint are accused of doing separately and different things, and then also draw in generically as a joint employer. So if this were one employer, I would agree with your argument. But because there are really multiple employers here from multiple years, I think what you're asking for very much applies to Amerivents for 2007, 8 and 9. And I don't want to make Levy Restaurants' argument for

```
them; I'll leave that to Drew. But that's the distinction,
1
    Your Honor.
 2
 3
              THE COURT: I'm just not understanding why the
    number of parties involved changes the analysis. Can you
 4
    explain that to me?
 5
              MR. CARTAFALSA: I'm not suggesting that it's
 6
 7
    merely the number of parties. What I'm suggesting is with
    the class certification issue, it goes to Amerivents and it
 8
 9
    goes to 2007, 8 and 9. And I do think, to pick up --
10
              THE COURT: I'm confused now. I thought that the
11
    2007, 8 and 9 years would be covered by 216(b).
12
              MS. SPANIER: They are.
13
              THE COURT: So you're not seeking a Rule 23 class
14
    of 7, 8, 9 plaintiffs, are you?
              MS. SPANIER: Your Honor, we have state law claims
15
16
    as to which the class would be from the 2004 U.S. Open
17
    through the 2009 Open, because the state law claims have a
18
    longer statute of limitations.
19
              THE COURT: Right. What I typically see is a
20
    216(b) for 7, 8 and 9 and a 23 for 4, 5, 6.
21
              MS. SPANIER: There are broader claims that would
22
    encompass the whole six years, that are different --
2.3
              THE COURT: So if Amerivents was only involved in
24
    7, 8, 9, what would be the difference in the information
25
    that would be turned over under 216(b) and under Rule 23?
```

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

```
MS. SPANIER: None that I can see.
         MR. CARTAFALSA: And nothing from the point of
Amerivents. As I said, I don't want to make Levy's
arguments for them --
          THE COURT: Okay.
         MR. CARTAFALSA: -- but that's what the
distinction was.
          THE COURT: Well, okay, but I still don't
understand how that's pertinent to the logic of moving
forward now.
         MR. MARKS: Well, one of the things I think Joe
was trying to raise is that for 2004, we have an entity,
Restaurant Associates is the company, that is not involved
in 2000 -- anything within the 216(b) period, and it would
allege that it has no jurisdiction over that entity with
respect to this litigation. I don't think it rises out of
common nucleus of operative facts and I don't think it's a
related entity. So I do believe that without any testing of
jurisdiction, which is subject to the motion to dismiss,
you're ordering an entity to provide discovery that wouldn't
necessarily be before the Court.
         THE COURT: All I'm asking it to do is tell us how
-- what records it has, how they're stored and how they can
be accessed.
         MR. MARKS: Okay, I understand that.
```

```
THE COURT: And I don't think that's so
    burdensome. And I'm going to need to know that as I make
    decisions about whether to order the discovery while the
    motion practice goes forward anyway. So by February 9th, I
    think you can get that kind of information without a great
    deal of difficulty. And even if you're right, given
    plaintiffs' counsel's enthusiasm for this litigation, you'll
    find yourself defendants in state court and you'll already
9
    have a leg up.
              I'll see you on February 9<sup>th</sup>.
11
              MS. SPANIER: Thank you, Your Honor.
```

I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter. ELIZABETH BARRON December 22, 2010